

Harmonisation of WGS AMR data EURL-AR WGS protocol Jette S. Kjeldgaard



DTU Food National Food Institute



PROTOCOL FOR WHOLE GENOME SEQUENCING AND BIOINFORMATIC ANALYSIS OF BACTERIAL ISOLATES RELATED TO THE **EU** MONITORING OF ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE

> AUTHORED BY THE EURL-AR 3RD VERSION - DECEMBER 2021(UPDATED)

> **RENE S. HENDRIKSEN & JETTE S. KJELDGAARD**





Background for protocol

- The Commission Implementing **Decision 2020/1729** on the monitoring and reporting of antimicrobial resistance in zoonotic and commensal bacteria
- Per January 2021 authorising the **use of WGS as an alternative method** for prediction of resistance in relation to the specific monitoring of ESBL- or AmpC- or carbapenemase-producing *E. coli* and *Salmonella*
- The EURL-AR has produced the present protocol for guidance in these matters
- The whole genome sequencing (WGS) processes divides into three overall processes:
 - Bacterial isolation, DNA preparation and DNA quality and quantity assessment
 - Library preparation, library quality and quantity assessment and sequencing
 - Sequence QC and bioinformatics analyses





Purpose of protocol

- Ensure that WGS data reported to EFSA is obtained in a harmonised and comparable way
 - Less important
 - · How the bacteria, DNA and sequences are obtained
 - Very imporant
 - Assure the sequence quality control
 - Using the same QC criteria
 - Harmonised AMR gene analysis
 - using the same methods and settings for analysis
 - Reporting adequate data





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Links



Generic protocol – not one method that fits all

Table 2: Collection of links referred to in the protocol, including last date of accession

		Last
Link#	Method or content	accessed
Link 1	Illumina website	November
	https://emea.illumina.com/	2021
Link 2	Oxford Nanopore website	November
	https://nanoporetech.com/products	2021
Link 3	Thermofisher website	November
	https://www.thermofisher.com/dk/en/home/life-science/sequencing/next-generation-sequencing/ion-	2021
	torrent-next-generation-sequencing-products-services.html	
Link 4	EURL-AR website – Inter-EURLs WG on NGS	November
	https://www.eurl-ar.eu/inter-eurls-working-group-on-ngs.aspx	2021
Link 5	Document on bioinformatics tools for basic analysis of Next Generation Sequencing data	November
	https://www.iss.it/documents/20126/0/Bioinformatics_tools_for_basic_analysis_of_Next_Generation_Seq	2021
Link C	<u>uencing_data_Del4.pdf/02c8f77b-db2c-6b8d-e2ba-416144f89f7e?t=1602603602556</u>	Nevember
Link 6	Methods for isolation of ESBL, ampC and carbapenemase-producing <i>E. coli</i> from meat and caecal samples	November
	https://www.eurl-ar.eu/protocols.aspx	2021
Link 7	Method for detection of <i>Salmonella</i> in food and animal feed	November
	https://www.eurlsalmonella.eu/publications/analytical-methods	2021
Link 8	Method for detection of Campylobacter	November
	https://www.sva.se/en/about-us/eurl-campylobacter/laboratory-procedures/	2021
Link 9	DNA extraction protocol EasyDNA	November
	https://assets.thermofisher.com/TFS-Assets/LSG/manuals/easydna_man.pdf	2021
Link 10	Automated DNA extraction Magna Pure	November
	https://lifescience.roche.com/en_dk/products/magna-pure-96-instrument-382411-1.html	2021
Link 11	Overview of applications of Qubit	November
	https://www.thermofisher.com/dk/en/home/industrial/spectroscopy-elemental-isotope-	2021
	analysis/molecular-spectroscopy/fluorometers/qubit.html	
Link 12	Protocol for Qubit 4 DNA quantification	November
	https://assets.thermofisher.com/TFS-Assets/BID/manuals/MAN0017210_Qubit_4_Assays_QR.pdf	2021
Link 13	Library prep Nextera XT	November
	http://support.illumina.com/downloads/nextera_xt_sample_preparation_guide_15031942.html	2021

Links to protocols

- Continuously
 updated
 - Dependent on lab
 - Equipment
 - Throughput
 - Prerequisites





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Bacterial isolation, DNA preparation and DNA quality and quantity assessment



- Methods for isolation of ESBL, ampC and carbapenemase-producing *E. coli* from meat and caecal samples (EURL-AR)
- Method for detection of Salmonella in food and animal feed (EURL-Salmonella)
- Method for isolation of *Campylobacter* in animal samples (EURL-Campylobacter)
 - Ensure purity and correct species
- Examples of DNA extraction kits
 - Laboratory routine methods
- Examples of DNA quality/quantity assessment

Library preparation, library quality and quantity assessment and sequencing



- Dependent on the laboratory equipment
 - Majority using Illumina sequencing equipment
- At present the EURL-AR recommends Illumina sequencing
 - QC of sequences
 - Tools for analysis
- Suggestion for library preparation
- Quantification and QC of library prep
- Illumina instrument-specific sequencing reagents, flow cells, cluster generation reagents
 - MiSeq and NextSeq



Outsourcing of sequencing

Reports	Protocols	EQAS	WGS	Events	Presentations	Legislation	Newsletters	Monitoring Reports
/								

9. Companies for outsourcing

If performing whole genome sequencing is not possible in your laboratory facilities, there are several companies available world-wide to whom some or all of the sequencing and bioinformatics tasks can be outsourced. A list of some of the companies are provided here (in alphabetical order):

AllGenetics

BGI, worldwide

Genohub Inc., Austin, USA

Genomed S.A., Warsaw, Poland

Macrogen Europe, Amsterdam, Holland (order from Europe via til link: https://dna.macrogeneurope.com/eng/)

Novogene, worldwide

Oxford Genomics Centre, Oxford, United Kingdom



Sequence QC and bioinformatics analyses

- Trimming of raw reads
 - Can be performed, but is not crucial for Illumina sequences
- File format
 - it is recommended to perform the assembly of fastq files into fasta files
 - part of the quality control
- Check for contamination
 - E.g. using KmerFinder for species determination and look into QC parameters
- Assembly
 - Using SPAdes 3.14 or newer
 - Accessible as CGE tool with output of important QC parameters (for EURL-AR network)





QC parameters

- The process of raw reads assembly into contigs outputs a range of QC paramters
- number of reads
- depth of coverage
- average read length (as specified by the sequencing equipment)
- **size of assembled genome** (+/- 0.5 million bases deviation from expected size)
- total number of contigs (<500 contigs)
- N50 (>30.000 bp)





Assembly with SPAdes v 3.14

- The SPAdes 3.14 tool will output the contigs file (.fasta) and additionally a .txt file with some basic statistics and QC parameters.
- The output file contains data on:
- Input files :
 - Total number of reads
 - Total number of bases
- Contigs file :
 - Number of contigs
 - Number of bases (assembled genome size)
 - N50
- Using this output, it is also possible to calculate the average read length= Number of bases/Number of reads (input files)





AMR gene and point mutation prediction

- The EURL-AR recommends using ResFinder v 4.1 or newer
- For harmonisation of the AMR data reported by different laboratories, it is important to use the defined settings.
- The EURL-AR recommends running the ResFinder analysis on the contigs **assembly files (.fasta**) using specific **settings**
- ResFinder can be run as a web-tool (CGE) or as local installation (available on BitBucket)
 - Web-tool limited to analysing one sequence at a time
 - Possibility to incorporate in own pipeline
- EFSA will present a web-tool in 2022

-ResFinder is non-commercial -Control of updates



ResFinder settings

For chromosomal point mutations:

- Select threshold for % ID: 90 %
- Select minimum length: **60 %**

For acquired antimicrobial resistance genes:

Select all antimicrobial databases (default setting)

- Select threshold for % ID: 90 %
- Select minimum length: 60 %

Select species: as appropriate

Select type of your reads: Assembled genome/Contigs

Chromosomal point mutations 🗹

60 %

Select threshold for %ID 90 %	~
Select minimum length	

Show	unknown	mutations.	not	found	in	the	databa	ase

~

Acquired antimicrobial resistance genes 🗹

Select Antimicrobial configuration

Select multiple items, with Ctri-Click (or Cmc	d-Click on Mac) - as default
Aminoglycoside	*
Beta-lactam	
Colistin	
Fluoroquinolone	
Fosfomycin	
Fusidic Acid	+

Select threshold for %ID	
90 %	~
Select minimum length	
60 %	~

Acquired disinfectant resistance genes

Campylobacter spp.*	~
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Select type of your reads

Assembled Genome/Contigs

~





Data to report to EFSA

- Beyond the sampling and isolate data, the results reported in relation to Decision 2020/1729 should include:
- Date of sequencing
- Sequencing technology used
- Library preparation used
- Version of the predictive tool (ResFinder)
- AMR-conferring genes data:
 - Gene name
 - Output information on % identity
 - Output information on % coverage (length)
- Date of ResFinder analysis
- The protocol will be added a template sheet for collection of metadata, including examples of how to report data.

Windows for submission of results – freezing of database -List of beta-lactamase genes updated between windows





Questions and discussion

Contact:

DTU FOOD – Research group of Global Capacity Building & EURL-AR <u>Food-AMR-WGS@food.dtu.dk</u> Jette Sejer Kjeldgaard (jetk@food.dtu.dk) www.eurl-ar.eu

