

## The impact of FWD AMR RefLabCap project support to

### Estonia as a priority country

Action plan development and implementation to improve NRLs functions for AMR

Liisa Lilje

laboratory specialist (AMR)

Laboratory of Communicable Diseases, Health Board

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### Health Board, Laboratory of Communicable Diseases (NRL)





National reference laboratory (ISO 15189) in many areas of research (NETS § 19, 41)

Determination of salmonella, campylobacter, (sero)typing and antimicrobial sensitivity, confirmation/determination of resistance mechanisms, outbreak investigation.

### Salmonella and campylobacter surveillance in Estonia

### **NRL**

- Referral of clinical samples / positive isolates
- Confirmation, serotyping, AST of salmonella and campylobacter
- Long-term storage of isolates
- Additional characterisation (WGS)
- Comparison of sequences (human vs veterinary/food) at HB NRL
  - Separate NRL for veterinary and food samples (LABRIS)

HB NHEO department – monitoring and surveillance on national international) level by epidemiologists.

### 1. Number of isolates analysed at NRL

	2021	2022	2023	2024 (Sept)
Salmonella isolates	145	163	209	115
Campylobacter isolates	225	266	325	232

### 2. Number of isolates sequenced

	2023	2024 (sept)	2024 (planned)
Salmonella isolates	100* + 38	32	35
Campylobacter isolates	50*	0	-

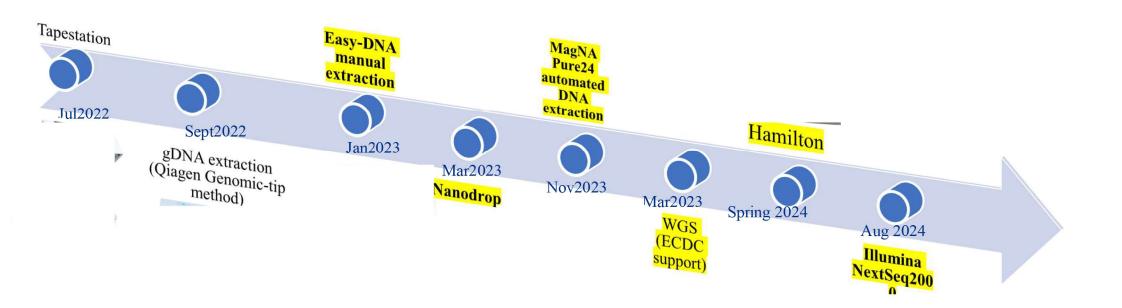
<sup>\*</sup> Sequenced with ECDC sequencing support 1st round 2023

# **Action Plan CORE FUNCTION 1 - Reference diagnostics**

Overall aim: 1) WGS is performed for Salmonella and Campylobacter spp

- Objectives: \* Setup a suitable method and workflow for gDNA extraction
  - \* Setup laboratory rooms with appropriate devices
  - \* SOP-s for methods and devices
  - \* Participation in EQA-s

# Action Plan CORE FUNCTION 1 - Reference diagnostics Overall aim: WGS is performed for Salmonella and Campylobacter



Action Plan
CORE FUNCTION 1 - Reference diagnostics
Overall aim: WGS is performed for Salmonella and Campylobacter

### Action Plan - CORE FUNCTION 1 - Reference diagnostics Overall aim: Bioinformatics analysis of WGS data

Objectives	Deliverables
Hiring and training of bioinformaticians	2-3 bioinformatics were hired (since 2022) and trained.
Setup of computers and network	Computers with specific technical requirements were procured <ul> <li>computing power</li> <li>sufficient space for data analysis</li> <li>sufficient space for retainment (server)</li> <li>capability to perform analysis on bioinformatician's personal work computer; Virtual Machine installation (Linux).</li> </ul> <li>Suitable software/programs installed (TEHIK)</li>
Development of bioinformatic analysis	Development of automated data analysis pipeline  Parameters for bioinformatics tools were set according to WGS  protocols (FWD AMR RefLabCap) e.g. list of quality parameters used for  QC testing (e.g. number of reads, PHRED scores, average read depth, etc.)
Participation in EQA-s	Participation in EQA in 2023 and 2024  Editing the bioinformatics pipeline according to the self-evaluation and reviewed report
Collaboration with food and vet laboratory	Sequence and data exchange between two facilities, collaboration

## Action Plan CORE FUNCTION 2 - Reference material

#### Overall aim:

The NRL has and hosts a collection of reference materials / bio-bank The NRL provides reference material to clinical laboratories.

### Objectives:

To review and update the collection of reference strains
To review documentation about stored reference materials and bio-bank

Strains are reviewed and systematically reordered.

Strains are issued to clinical micribiology laboratories upon request

- \* a list on reference materials is provided
- \* documentation (MTA-s) are in place to exchange strains

National bio-bank is updated.

## Action Plan CORE FUNCTION 5 - Monitoring, alert and response

- ➤ All laboratories to send their materials to NRL for culturing and AMR detection.
- Collaboration with universities for internships for bioinformatics and bioanalytics
- >WGS results are shared.
  - WGS findings shared with epidemiologists
  - EpiPulse items are compared with local sequences.
- Active monitoring of epidemiological situation
  - Improved communication between NRL and epidemiologists
  - Rapid sequencing of isolates related to possible outbreaks

### Plans for actions

- > Cooperation with epidemiologists
- > Cooperation with clinical microbiology laboratories
- > Develop reporting system (to labs, at website etc)
- > Routine sequencing
- > Reporting to EpiPulse





### Thank you for listening!

liisa.lilje@terviseamet.ee